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SOUVENIR

U. S. Plant Patent No. 25

Strong, 2-year plants, \$1 each

(See page 13)

H. V. LAWRENCE

Cape Cod Nurseries

Falmouth, Mass.

SPRING, 1935



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NIGRETTE

U. S. Plant Patent No. 87

Strong, 2-year plants, \$2 each

(See page 13)



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BETTER TIMES

← U. S. Plant Patent No. 23

Strong, 2-year plants,
\$1.50 each

(See page 13)

Specialties and Novelties

EVERY year sees a host of plants presented under the name of "Novelties." Some are good; some are "near good"; others are of fleeting value. We intend to test and study all the new things--but we do not present any of the new plants to our customers until we are absolutely sure that they are good, and will give entire satisfaction under normal garden culture.

In all cases 12 plants will be sold for the price of 10



Hybrid Hemerocallis

Hardy Asters

Hybridus luteus. Small yellow flowers borne in dense clusters on branching stems. Resembles the goldenrod and is splendid for cutting. 35 cts. each.

New Dwarf Hybrid Asters

COUNTESS OF DUDLEY. Clear pink flowers nearly an inch in diameter, carried on plants about 2 feet high. September. 35 cts. each.

DAPHNE. A low-growing plant seldom more than a foot high. In late September plant is covered with light pink blooms. 35 cts. each.

LADY HENRY MADDOCKS. Pale pink flowers, about an inch across, are borne so freely that they literally cover the plant. A good specimen grows about 1½ feet high and needs a space of at least 2 feet. October. 35 cts. each.

VICTOR. Violet-blue flowers are carried early in the season on low-growing plants. 35 cts. each.

Delphinium

Choice English Hybrids. Genuine Hollyhock type, grown from seed of the best named varieties. Mixed colors only. 30 cts. each; \$3 per doz.; \$20 per 100.

Korean Hybrid Chrysanthemums

Color illustration on back cover

1. Apollo. Brilliant orange.
2. Diana. Soft rose-pink.
3. Ceres. Light buff-yellow.
4. Mars. Rich crimson.
5. Mercury. Plant Pat. No. 58. Bright scarlet.
6. Daphne. Golden rose.

Pot-grown plants, 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

SPECIAL OFFER: One plant each of 6 varieties \$2.75; 3 plants each of 6 varieties \$7.50

Gypsophila

Bristol Fairy. The very finest of the entire Baby's Breath family. Flowers are snowy white, large, double, and carried very freely on long stems. Extra fine for cutting. 35 cts. each.

Hemerocallis

Day Lilies are always popular. These new varieties seem to be more brilliant in color and certainly give a longer blooming season than do the older sorts.

\$1 each; \$10 per doz.

Anna Betscher. Golden yellow.

Goldeni. Bright golden orange.

Lemonia. Pale lemon-yellow.

Mrs. W. H. Wyman. Light lemon-yellow.

Trollius

The Globeflowers resemble buttercups, but the blooms are much larger.

T. ledebouri, Golden Queen. Brilliant orange flowers which are desirable for cutting. 40 cts. each; \$4 per doz.; \$30 per 100.

Veronica

Commonly known as Speedwell, the Veronicas bloom from late July into September.

V. longifolia subsessilis. Long spikes of brilliant blue flowers. 30 cts. each; \$3 per doz.; \$20 per 100.

Buddleia

Ille de France. A new form of the familiar Butterfly Bush. The long branching stems are covered with violet-purple flowers, each of which has a golden center. Plants grow readily and carry a great number of blooms. One of the finest of the summer-flowering shrubs. 2-yr. plants, 60 cts. each; \$6 per doz.

for New England Gardens

Calluna

Known variously as Heath or Heather, but familiar to everyone as the Scotch Heather. The plants thrive lustily in New England and particularly near the seashore.

6 to 8-in. plants, 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.; \$40 per 100,
except as noted

C. vulgaris. The true Scotch Heather with bell-shaped rosy lavender flowers.

C. vulgaris alba. White flowers, which make a pleasing contrast with the lavender variety.

C. vulgaris alba elata. A tall variety of Heath with dark green foliage and white flowers.

C. vulgaris aurea. Distinguished by golden foliage in summer which turns red in winter. Flowers pink.

C. vulgaris hammondi. A new pure white variety which is free flowering and grows about 1½ feet high.

C. vulgaris nana. A dwarf variety seldom more than 1 foot high. 6-in. plants, 60 cts. each; \$6 per doz.; \$45 per 100.

C. vulgaris rubra elata. Grows from 1½ to 2 feet tall. Red flowers.



Calluna vulgaris

Caryopteris

A small shrub that originally came from eastern Asia. It is perfectly hardy and valued for the blooms which come late in the season.

C. incana. Bluebeard or Blue Spirea. Violet-blue flowers in September and October. Pot-plants, 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

Vitex

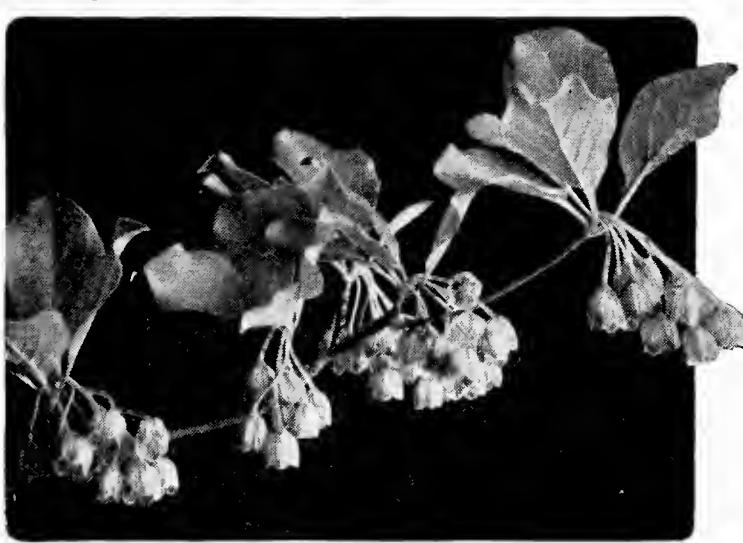
V. macrophylla. A tall-growing shrub with very large foliage. In late summer the plant is prominent with its lavender-blue flowers. Makes a very fine specimen. 3-yr. plants, 75 cts. each; \$7.50 per doz.



Caryopteris incana

American Holly

Red berries and green foliage used in holiday decorations. Hardy in New England and on the Cape if planted where it can be sheltered from severe winters. Our plants have been transplanted and are shipped balled and burlapped.



Enkianthus campanulatus

	Each	Doz.
15 to 18 in.....	\$1 75	\$17 50
18 to 24 in.....	2 00	20 00
2 to 3 ft.....	3 00	30 00
Large, 4 to 6-ft., specimens, from	\$6 to \$10 each.	

Japanese Holly

Ilex crenata is a native of Japan, but perfectly at home in America.

	Each	Doz.
15 to 18 in.....	\$2 00	\$20 00
18 to 24 in.....	2 50	25 00

Enkianthus

E. campanulatus. Yellowish or pale orange flowers in May and June, together with brilliant red foliage in autumn make this one of our handsomest shrubs. 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50 each; \$25 per doz.

You can secure, through our Landscape Department, complete service in planning and planting your home-grounds. Experienced designers prepare the plans; trained workers carry out the details; first-quality materials are supplied from our Nurseries. This gives dependable service at a minimum cost. A representative will be glad to discuss planning and planting problems at any time.

Hardy Plants that Will Grow

THESE give the most garden joy. We watch for them to peep through the soil in spring. We anxiously await the first opening flowers, knowing that half a year or more of color and fragrance awaits when we step into the garden. By all means plant perennials; use annuals if you must, but make the old-fashioned flowers the key-stone of the garden. You can depend on the quality of the plants that you purchase from us. They are grown here at home, and we know you will be more than pleased with them.

Price of Perennials: 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.; \$18 per 100, unless otherwise noted



Hardy Aster, Blue Gem

Hardy Asters

New England may be termed the home of the Hardy Asters, as they thrive and bloom freely throughout this eastern section and make a splendid showing of color in late fall.

- A. *amellus*, King George. Violet-blue with golden disc in the center. 40 cts. each.
- A. *novi-belgi*, Blue Gem. Clear blue flowers.
- A. *novi-belgi*, Queen Mary. A new variety with very large rich blue flowers. We think it is the finest of the whole family.
- A., Skylands Queen. Very large lavender-blue flowers with yellow centers. 30 cts. each.
- A. *subcæruleus*. Indian Aster. Violet-blue, orange center. Begins to bloom in June.

Aconitum • Monkshood

Shade-loving plants which bloom so late in the season that they contrast well with the early chrysanthemums. The plants increase in blooming qualities each year.

- A. *napellus*. Long branching spikes lined with blue and white flowers. 30 cts. each.

Anthemis • Marguerite

- A. *tinctoria*, Perry's Variety. Grows about 2 feet high and produces golden yellow flowers from June to October.

Chrysanthemums

First and last these are the most popular and valuable plants for the fall garden. A careful selection of varieties will give flowers from August until late autumn.

- C. *coccineum*. Commonly known as Pyrethrum. Very desirable for cutting as the blooms last a long time in water.
- C. *maximum*, Shasta Daisy. Carry great quantities of pure white flowers all summer.

Hardy Fall-blooming Varieties

- Cavalier. Brilliant vermillion. 30 cts. each.
- Crimson Splendor. Crimson-maroon, with golden center. 30 cts. each.
- Daybreak. Shell-pink; single; 3 inches across.
- Early Bronze. One of the earliest to bloom.
- Granny Scovill. Coral-bronze. 30 cts. each.
- Grenadier. Crimson with golden tint on reverse of petal.
- Innocence. Pure white, single flowers. 30 cts.
- Jean Cumming. Pure white; very large blooms.
- Jean Treadway. Light pink; maroon center.
- Normandie. Cream-white with yellow center.
- R. Marion Hatton. Canary-yellow. Pompon.
- Ruth Hatton. Ivory-white, large flowers.
- Yellow Gem. Button type.
- Yellow Normandie. Decorative type.



Chrysanthemum, Daybreak

and Bloom Year after Year

Anemone • Windflower

These may be numbered among the most useful of the flowering plants. They are valuable for the border, for grouping in front of shrubbery, or for naturalizing in open spaces. The best time for transplanting is in mid-May or as soon as danger of heavy frost is past.

- A. *hupehensis*. This dwarf variety came from Central China and grows only about a foot high. Pale mauve flowers from early August until late fall.
- A. *japonica*, Queen Charlotte. Flowers pink, semi-double, and very large.
- A. *japonica*, Whirlwind. Semi-double white variety.

Aquilegia • Columbine

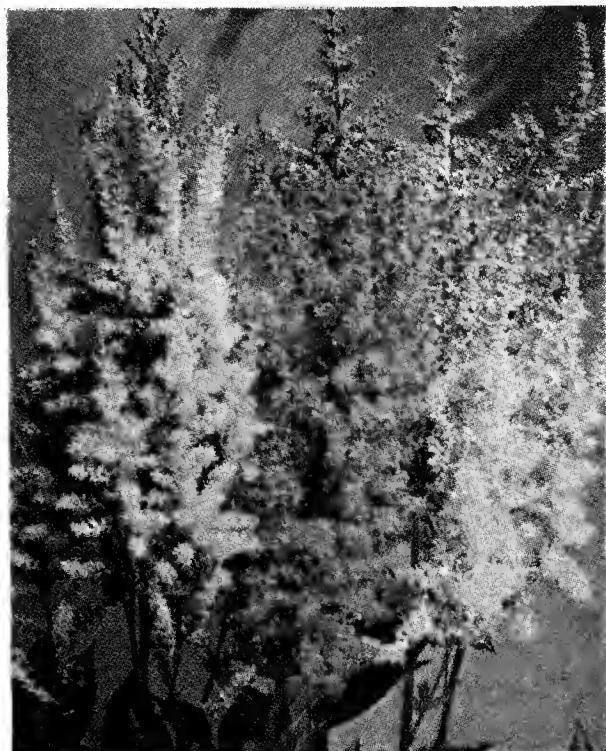
Long-spurred Hybrids, Mrs. Scott Elliott's Strain. These are the very best of the new Columbines. Flowers extra large, with long spurs, and in a great variety of colors. We offer mixtures only.

Astilbe • Spirea

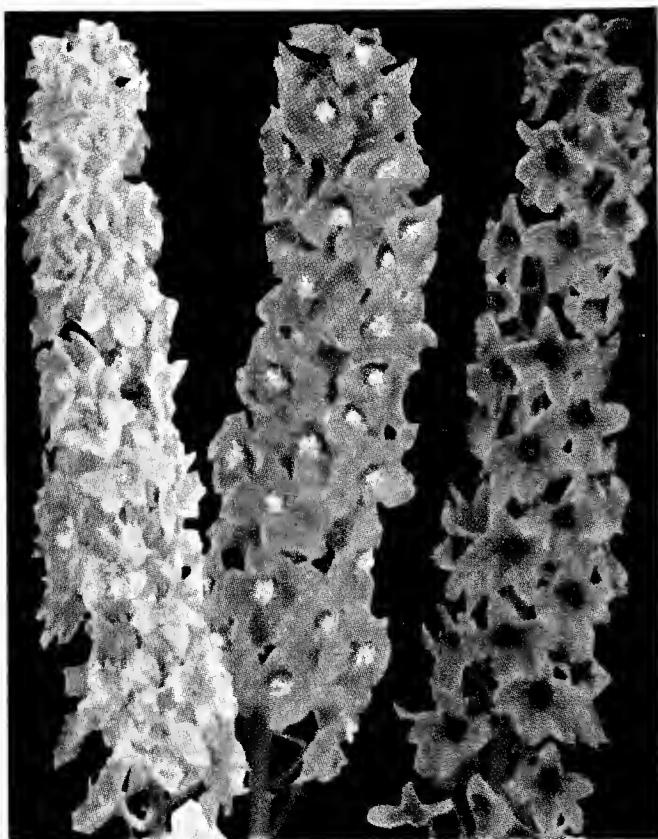
The flowers are very showy, produced in June and July. Plants thrive in good soil provided they are given plenty of water.

Plants, 40 cts. each; \$4 per doz.

- Avalanche. Pure snow-white flowers.
- Deutschland. Dark pink, shaded blue.
- Gloria. Dark pink, shaded with lilac.
- Professor Van der Wielen. Pure white.
- Marguerite Van Rechteren. Bright red with a tinge of lilac.
- Rhineland. Crimson, shaded salmon.



Astilbe



Delphinium Hybrids

Artemisia • Southernwood

An excellent border plant valued for both color of flowers and markings of foliage.

Silver King. Commonly called "Ghost Plant" because of the white foliage. Excellent for use with tall-growing plants.

Campanula • Bellflower

Valuable plants for the rock-garden or the open border. Flowers are borne from early June to late August.

- C. *medium*. Canterbury Bell. Blue, Rose, White, Assorted.
- C. *carpatica*. Light blue. 8 inches high.
- C. *persicifolia*. Blue. 2 feet high.

Coreopsis

C. *grandiflora*. Bright yellow flowers, which are especially good for cutting, are carried from early June to frost.

Delphinium • Larkspur

The tall spires of Delphiniums are the most stately objects in the hardy garden, and a large grouping is a prominent feature from June to late fall.

Belladonna. Sky-blue flowers from June until frost.

D. *grandiflorum chinense*. Gentian-blue. Dwarf.

Choice English Hybrids. Flowers are single and double and range in color from pale blue to the very deepest blue. 30 ets. each.



Dianthus plumarius

Dianthus • Hardy Pinks

Plants from 10 to 12 inches high, which come into bloom in May and June. They are old favorites and especially good for cutting.

- D. *barbatus*. Sweet William. In separate colors of Pink, White, Maroon, or Assorted.
- D., *Beatrix*. Light salmon-pink.
- D. *plumarius*, Bristol Jewel. Flowers white marked crimson, with crimson eye; semi-double. 30 cts. each.
- D. *plumarius*, Bristol Maid. Rose-pink, with lavender shading. Double. 30 cts. each.
- D. *plumarius*, Bristol Purity. Pure white; double and fragrant. 30 cts. each.

Dicentra

D. *eximia*. Fringed Bleeding-Heart. Heart-shaped blooms, deep rose in color. Grows in the shade and is adapted for rock-gardens.

Digitalis • Foxglove

Old garden favorite with tall spikes of thimble-shaped flowers. Mixed colors only.

Echinacea • Coneflower

E. *purpurea*. An interesting plant with reddish purple flowers about 4 inches in diameter in July and August. Grows 3 to 4 feet high.

Echinops • Globe Thistle

E. *ritro*. Foliage resembles that of the common Thistle, but the flowers are a most attractive shade of rose-purple with a brown center.

Gaillardia • Blanket Flower

SUN GOD. The flowers of this new variety are pure golden yellow and entirely free from markings of any other color. The center is rather high, which gives the flowers a massive appearance. The blooms are carried on long stiff stems which make them well adapted for cutting. 50 cts. each.

Grandiflora Hybrids. The petals are varying shades of crimson, orange, and vermillion; centers are dark brown.

GYPSOPHILA. Baby's Breath. See page 2.

Heuchera • Alum-Root

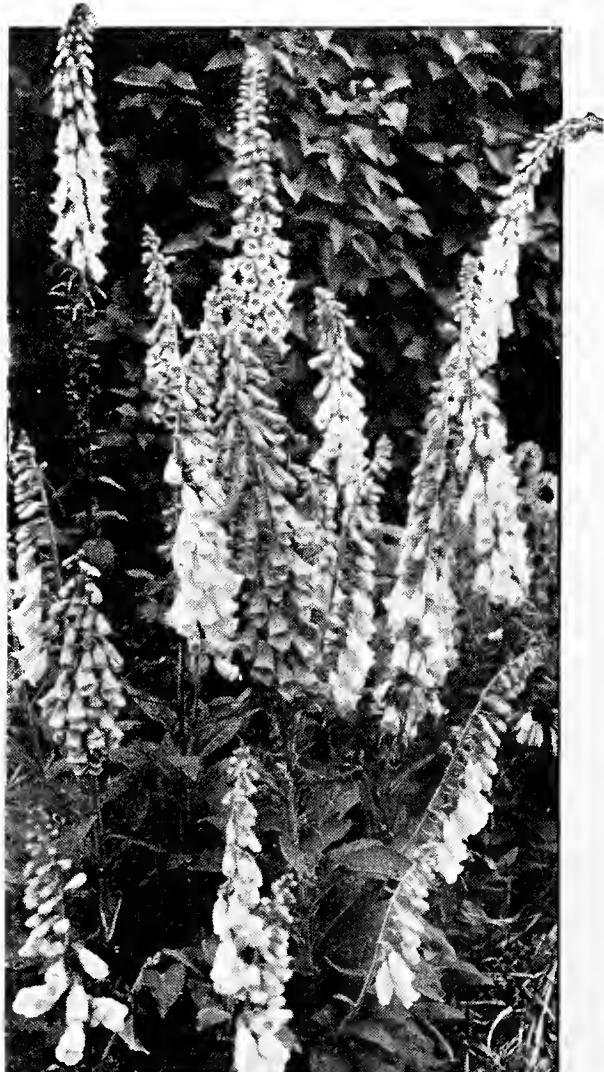
A class of bushy plants carrying loose spikes of bloom. Adapted for the border and the rockery.

- H. *rosmondi*. Coral-pink. June to September. 40 cts. each.
- H. *sanguinea*, Pluie de Feu. Fiery red. Dwarf. 30 cts. each.
- H. *sanguinea splendens*. Crimson. Dwarf. 30 cts. each.

30c. plants are \$3.00 per dozen; \$20 per 100

40c. plants are 4.00 per dozen

50c. plants are 5.00 per dozen



Digitalis (Foxglove)

Hemerocallis • Day Lily

H. dumortieri. Orange-yellow flowers on stems about 2 feet high in May and June.

H. middendorffii. Deep orange-yellow. June and July. 2 to 3 feet.

H. thunbergi. Lemon-yellow flowers, quite fragrant, are carried in July and August. 3 feet.

See page 2 for new Hemerocallis Hybrids

Helenium • Sneezeweed

A group of plants that add color to the garden in late summer and early fall. The plants grow from 4 to 5 feet high, are entirely hardy, and will thrive in almost any locality.

H. autumnale, Riverton Beauty. Flowers rich lemon-yellow with a purplish black comb.

H. autumnale, Riverton Gem. Golden yellow, changing to deep red.

H. autumnale superbum. Flowers lemon-yellow and unusually large.



Helenium autumnale, Riverton Beauty

Hollyhocks

These old-fashioned flowers may be had in colors that vary from white to pink, red, yellow, and mottled, and in both single and double blooms. We have them in mixed varieties only and they cannot be separated according to color.

Lavandula • Lavender

L. officinalis. The blue flowers and the foliage have a delightful fragrance. Plants grow readily where they may have a reasonable supply of moisture. 30 cts. each.

Lupinus • Lupin

L. polyphyllus. A well-known garden plant with deep blue, pea-shaped flowers in June and July. The plants grow from 4 to 5 feet high, and the blooms are carried on long stems.



Lupins

Lilium • Lilies

The hardy Lilies are really the aristocrats of the modern garden, and a collection of plants cannot be considered as complete without a goodly assortment of Lilies. Their chief requirement is a rich soil, with sand under and around the bulbs to provide drainage. The bulbs should be set from 6 to 8 inches deep. It is advisable to mulch the beds with leaves or straw during the winter.

L. auratum. Gold-banded Lily. White flowers spotted with crimson and a yellow band the whole length of each segment. Blooms in July and August. 40 cts. each; \$4 per doz.

L. hansonii. The flowers, which are reddish orange, are carried in clusters of from 8 to 12. 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

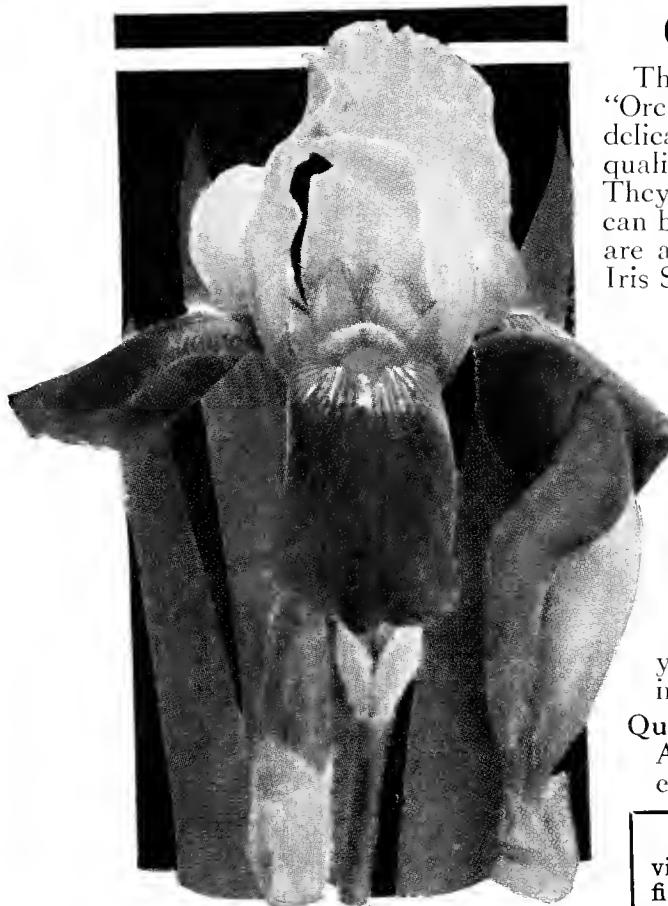
L. henryi. Flowers golden yellow, spotted brown. The flower-stems are often 6 feet high. 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

L. regale. The petals are pure white, changing to bright canary-yellow at the center. On some blooms there may be a slight tinge of pink. 35 cts. each; \$3.50 per doz.

L. speciosum album. The large white flowers have a greenish band running down the center of each petal. Stems are about 2 feet high. 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

L. speciosum magnificum. White, shaded and spotted with rose. A magnificent variety. 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

L. tigrinum splendens. A great improvement on the old familiar Tiger Lily. Blooms are bright salmon-red spotted with deep purple. 30 cts. each; \$3 per doz.



Japanese Iris

Iris Kaempferi

The flowers of this class are wonderfully colored and seem to have about all of the shades in the rainbow, and many that are not found in that gorgeous arch. Blooms come in summer, and are much larger than the German Iris. The Japanese Irises thrive best where there is an ample supply of moisture, but they do not grow well if standing in water.

All varieties, 35 cts. each;
\$3.50 per doz.

Gold Bound. Pure white, with yellow center. Six petals.

Kumo - no - shi. White, edged with purple. Dwarf.

Neptune. Slate-blue. Three petals.

Patrocle. Dark reddish violet.

Purple and Gold. Rich violet-purple with white petals tipped violet, and a golden throat. Double.

Reine des Bulgares. Outer petals lilac-blue, veined white; center petals lilac and yellow.

Mixed Colors. Selected from the named varieties but will not carry variety labels. 30 cts. each.

German Iris (*Iris Germanica*)

These popular flowers have been called rightfully "Orechids of the Garden." Some varieties have a delicate fragrance, while in others the loss of that quality is compensated by the beauty of the bloom. They grow well in a sunny location where the rhizomes can bask in the sun all summer. Varieties here named are among those rated the highest by the American Iris Society. We have many others in our nurseries.

All varieties, 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.

Caprice. Reddish purple. 24 inches high.

Iris King. Standards yellow; falls velvety brown with border of golden yellow. 27 inches.

Lent A. Williamson. Standards violet; falls velvety purple. A superb variety.

Lord of June. Standards blue; falls lavender-lilac. A sturdy variety growing 40 inches or more in height.

Quaker Lady. Standard smoky lavender shaded yellow; falls ageratum blue and old-gold. 38 inches.

Queen of May. Standards and falls rosy lavender. A beautiful Iris which makes a showy mass of color. 27 inches.

An invitation is extended to all of our friends to visit our salesroom on Depot Avenue. You will find everything that will be needed to make gardening easy and successful—flower and vegetable seeds, bedding plants, tools, and plant-foods.



Liatris • Gayfeather

L. pycnostachya. Rich purple flowers are carried on long stems and remain in good condition for a long time. Excellent for massing and use in the border. July and August. 4 to 5 feet.

L. spicata. The purple flowers are carried in spikes from 10 to 15 inches long. Plants are from 2 to 3 feet high and begin to bloom in July.



Lilium regale

Myosotis • Forget-me-not

M. scorpioides semperflorens. A low-growing plant, seldom over 10 inches high, which from early May to late September is covered with small blue flowers. Especially fine for rock-gardens.

Nepeta

N. mussini. Small mauve-colored flowers are produced from early April to July. The plant is about 8 inches high, and forms a tuft of velvety gray-green foliage.

Primula • Primrose

P. japonica. Purple-crimson flowers in June. Thrives best in moist soil. Grows about 9 inches high.

Platycodon

Balloon Flower

P. grandiflorum. An old favorite branching plant with blue or bluish white flowers at the tip of each branch. June and July. 1 to 2 feet.



Lilium speciosum

Phlox

These are among the most showy and valuable plants for general garden purposes. They thrive in almost any place and are at their best when planted in groups of not less than five of a kind, which will give the full color effect. A selection of varieties will give blooms from June until late fall.

25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz., except as noted

Albion. Pure white; reddish lavender eye.

B. Comte. Amaranth-red or French purple.
Beacon. Brilliant cherry-red.

Boule de Feu. Salmon-searlet; crimson eye.

E. I. Farrington. Clear pink; dark eye. A new variety.

Jeanne d'Arc. Pure white; tall; late.

Jules Sandeau. Pure pink. Dwarf habit.

Julius Heurlin. Light salmon; extra large.

Maid Marian. Soft lavender. Midseason.

Mia Ruys. Pure white; large trusses. 30 cts. each; \$3 per doz.

Miss Lingard. White and lavender blooms in June and again in September. 30 cts. each; \$3 per doz.

Widar. Reddish violet with white center.

Phlox subulata

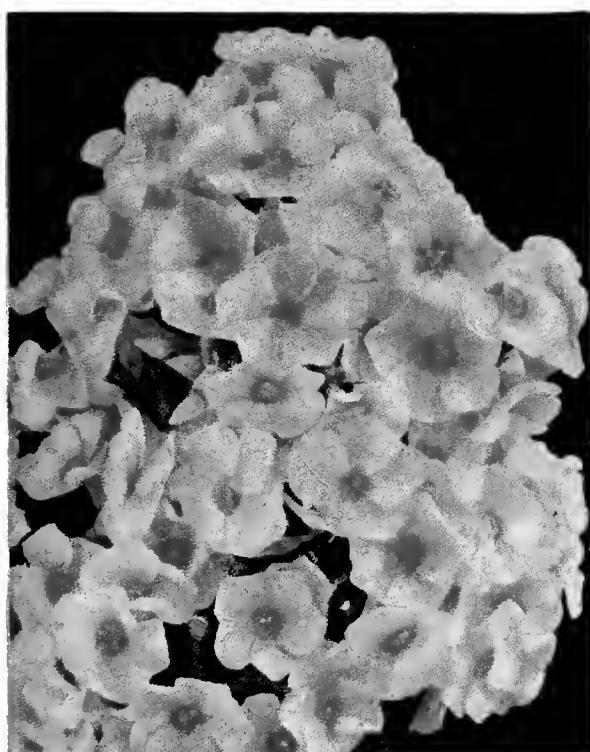
A class especially adapted to rock-gardens and for ground-covers.

P. subulata alba. Pure white; large.

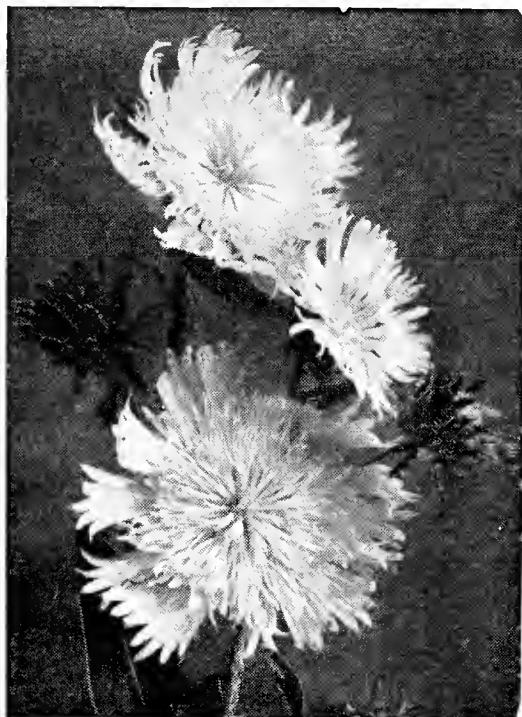
P. subulata, G. F. Wilson. Soft lavender.

P. subulata lilacina. Light blue.

P. subulata rosea. Soft rose. Grows 3 to 6 inches high.



Phlox, E. I. Farrington



Stokesia laevis

Salvia . Meadow Sage

Desirable for mass planting because of the long spikes of bloom and the long season of flowering.

S. azurea grandiflora. A species from the Rocky Mountains. The flowers are sky-blue, carried in August and September. Plants grow 3 to 4 feet high.

S. pitcheri. Flowers are indigo-blue and come in August and September on plants 3 to 4 feet high. Free blooming.

Sedum

Trailing or creeping plants, which are indispensable in rock-gardens or wall-gardens, as well as for borders in partially shaded locations. They grow in almost any soil and seem to get along with little moisture.

S. sieboldi. The flowers are a delicate shade of rose-pink. Foliage changes from blue-green to green and coral-rose. 9 inches.

S. spectabile. A good border plant because of the foliage and flower effects. The plant grows about 18 inches high and in August and September carries large heads of pink flowers.

Stokesia . Cornflower Aster

S. laevis (cyanea). This native plant, which is commonly called Stokes' Aster, carries light blue flowers about 3 inches across from July to late October. Most effective when used in large groups. 2 feet high.

Thermopsis

T. carolinianum. A native of the mountains of North Carolina and Tennessee. The yellow flowers appear in June and July. Plants 3 to 5 feet high.

Teucrium . Germander

Hardy plants with aromatic foliage, and chiefly used in rock-gardens or in wild gardens.

T. chamædrys. Flowers bright rose, marked with red and white spots. Late summer. About 2 feet tall.

Thymus . Thyme

Introduced from southern Europe. Some varieties are used as ground-covers, while others may be used in borders and rock-gardens. The foliage has a mint-like odor.

T. serpyllum album. A creeping variety. Snow-white flowers in large clusters. 30 cts.

T. serpyllum citriodorus. Commonly called the Lemon Thyme because of the pronounced odor of the foliage. 30 cts. each.

T. serpyllum coccineus. Bright scarlet flowers and dark green foliage. 30 cts. each.

T. serpyllum lanuginosus. A low-growing variety; pink flowers from June to August. 30 cts. each.

Veronica . Speedwell

V. spicata. Thrives well in the open sun. The flowers, generally clear blue, at times may be tinged with light pink. June to August. Grows 2 to 4 feet high.

Viola . Violet

A native plant which grows very readily and seems to thrive in moist or dry soils; especially adapted to rock-gardens.

V. cornuta Hybrids. Can be furnished in five colors—Apricot, Blue, Yellow, White, Lavender, or in an assortment of colors.

V. cornuta, Arkwright Ruby. Ruby-crimson, shaded with terra-cotta; fragrant. 30 cts.

V. cornuta, Jersey Gem. Flowers large, fragrant, pure violet in color, carried from May to November. Height 6 inches. 30c.

V. Primrose Perfection. Primrose-yellow. 30c.

V. Yellow Queen. Deep yellow. Large. 30c.



Viola cornuta, Jersey Gem

Hardy Vines and Ground-Covers

Actinidia



Clematis jackmani

A. *arguta*. The white flowers with purplish centers cover the plant at blooming-time. 3-yr. plants, \$1 each; \$10 per doz.

Ampelopsis

A. *heterophylla*. Valuable for covering trellises and rocks. 3-yr. plants, 60 cts. each; \$6 per doz.

A. *quinquefolia*. Virginia Creeper. Green foliage changing to scarlet in the fall. 3-yr. plants, 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

A. *tricuspidata*. Boston Ivy. Will quickly cover trellises or walls. Brilliant autumn foliage. 3-yr. plants, 50 cts. ea; \$5 per doz.

Arctostaphylos

A. *uva-ursi*. Bearberry. Snow-white flowers, followed by brilliant red fruits. Pot-grown plants, 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.; \$35 per 100.



Wisteria

Aristolochia

A. *sipho*. Dutchman's Pipe. Large, round leaves. Flowers brownish, and resemble a pipe. 4-yr. plants, \$1 each; \$10 per doz.

Bignonia . Trumpet Vine

B. *radicans*. Brilliant orange-scarlet flowers in July and August. Green foliage, turning crimson in autumn. 3-yr. plants, 60 cts. each; \$6 per doz.

B. *radicans grandiflora*. Chinese Trumpet Vine. Orange-red flowers. Pot-grown plants, \$1 each; \$10 per doz.

B. *radicans*, Mme. Galen. Similar to Chinese Trumpet Flower, but the blooms are larger and deeper in color. \$1 each; \$10 per doz.

Celastrus . Bittersweet

C. *scandens*. Yellow flowers, followed by orange-colored pods which split open and disclose scarlet seeds. 3-yr. plants, 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

Clematis

C. *henryi*. Creamy white flowers. Pot-grown plants, \$1 each; \$10 per doz.

C. *jackmani*. Velvety purple flowers. Pot-grown plants, \$1 each; \$10 per doz.

C. *Ramona*. New. Light blue flowers. Pot-grown plants, \$1 each; \$10 per doz.

C. *paniculata*. Virgin's Bower. Covered with small white flowers in late summer. 3-yr. plants, 60 cts. each; \$6 per doz.

Euonymus

E. *radicans*. A trailing vine with dark green, white-veined leaves. Clings to rough surfaces. 3-yr. plants, 50c. each; \$5 per doz.

E. *radicans carrierei*. Glossy foliage. 3-yr. plants, 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

E. *radicans vegetus*. Round leaves. Small flowers followed by red fruits. A ground-cover, or will cling to rough surfaces. 3-yr. plants, 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

Hedera . Ivy

H. *helix*. English Ivy. Perfectly hardy in New England. Plants from 3-in. pots, 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

Lonicera . Honeysuckle

L. *halliana*. Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle. Opening flowers are white, but soon turn to buff. June to late fall. 3-yr. plants, 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz. Pot-grown plants, 60 cts. each; \$6 per doz.

L. *sempervirens*. Trumpet Honeysuckle. Brilliant red flowers followed by scarlet fruits. Pot-grown plants, 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

Mitchella . Partridge Berry

M. *repens*. An evergreen trailing plant with brilliant red berries in autumn. Desirable for rock-gardens. Pot-grown plants, 30 cts. each; \$3 per doz.

Pachysandra

P. *terminalis*. Desirable for growing under shrubs and trees. Greenish white flowers in May and June. 20 cts. each; \$2 per doz.; \$12 per 100.

Polygonum . Silver Lace Vine

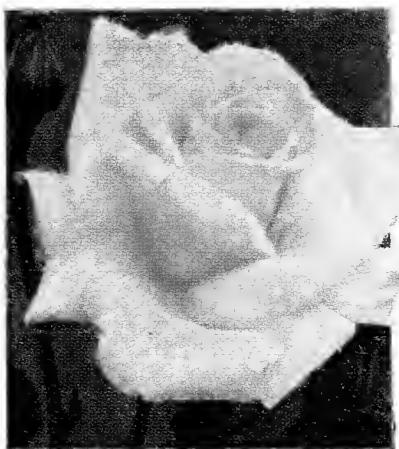
P. *auberti*. Often grows 25 feet in one season. A mass of snowy white flowers during the entire summer and fall. Pot-grown plants, \$1 each.

Vinca . Myrtle

V. *minor*. A useful ground-cover; grows anywhere. Small purple flowers in spring and early summer. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.; \$15 per 100.

Wisteria

W. *chinensis*. Chinese Wisteria. Long clusters of light blue flowers in early summer. 3-yr. blooming plants, \$1 each; extra-heavy, 6-yr. plants, \$3 each.



Mme. Butterfly



Caledonia



Edith Nellie Perkins

HERE ARE TWELVE ROSES We Know You Will Like

NINE of these Roses are shown in color on these two pages, so you can see just what to expect next June when the plants come into flower. All are of the Everblooming type, and under normal conditions of weather and culture, you should have flowers until late October.

Twelve Popular Everblooming Roses

Caledonia. A snowy white variety with pointed buds opening into large flowers. Few thorns.

Edith Nellie Perkins. Salmon-pink with a flush of orange; full, double.

Etoile de Hollande. Flowers bright red, fragrant, semi-double, and borne on long stems.

Julien Potin. Pure primrose-yellow; flowers large, double, and fragrant.

Mme. Butterfly. Salmon-flesh, with center shaded light yellow.

Mme. Edouard Herriot. Coral-red, shaded yellow and rosy scarlet; semi-double; fragrant.

Mrs. E. P. Thom. Canary-yellow, slightly darker on outside of petals. Free blooming.

President Herbert Hoover. Orange-yellow, tinted with red and copper.

Radiance. A beautiful and popular pink Rose which blooms continuously.

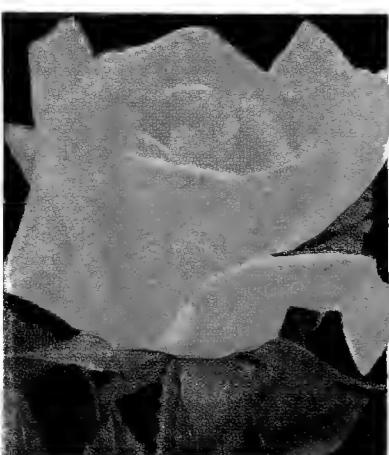
Red Radiance. Clear red. In every way a companion to Radiance.

Talisman. Golden yellow, copper, and scarlet. Many fragrant flowers.

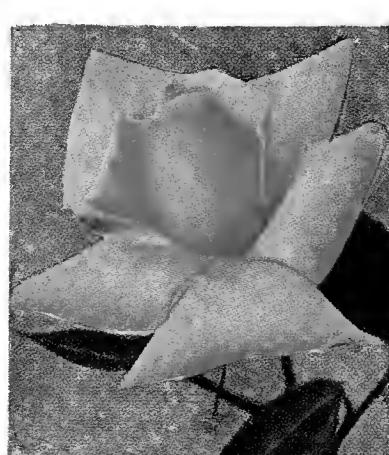
Ville de Paris. Yellow with tinge of orange; full, double blooms.

*One plant of each of
these 12 Roses for ... \$7*

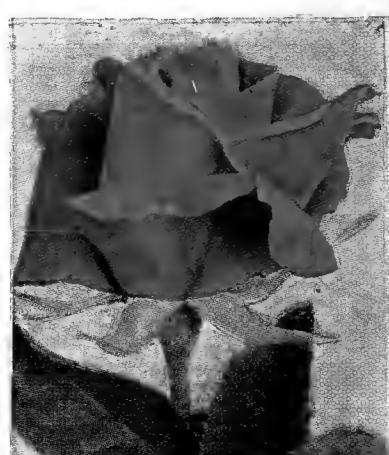
The plants are 2 years old, field-grown, fresh and full of vigor—not the dried-out, counter-damaged bushes that are commonly offered at about the same price.



Julien Potin



Mme. Edouard Herriot



Etoile de Hollande



Talisman



Mrs. E. P. Thom



Pres. Herbert Hoover

Here We Present the Newest Roses

For several years Rose-growers over the world have brought out scores of new varieties. A few merited all the praises and honors showered on them; some were good and deserved mention; many were named and took a place in the ever-growing list of varieties.

From the choicest of the new Roses we have chosen seven which we believe will best meet the needs and fancies of our friends in New England, and particularly those in the southeastern part of that great area. We feel sure that you will wish to add these new Roses—and some of the good old kinds—to your garden this year.

AMELIA EARHART

U. S. Plant Patent No. 63

When the flower opens the center petals are deep yellow, but the outer petals shade to cream slightly shaded blush. The plant carries many fragrant blooms. Strong plants, \$1.50 each.

BETTER TIMES

U. S. Plant Patent No. 23

Long crimson buds expand into vivid cerise-red blooms which are extremely fragrant. Its long stems make it useful for cutting. (See front cover.) Strong plants, \$1.50 each.

COUNTESS VANDAL

U. S. Plant Patent No. 38

This Rose was a favorite at the Century of Progress in Chicago last year. Coppery bronze buds open into rose-pink blooms shaded with yellow and copper. An exceptionally good Rose. Strong plants, \$1 each.

MARY HART

U. S. Plant Patent No. 8

Maroon-red, combined with a faint tinge of orange. It is a sport of Talisman with all the good qualities of that variety. Strong plants, \$1 each.

NIGRETTE

U. S. Plant Patent No. 87

The darkest Rose known today. (See front cover.) Strong plants, \$2 each.

SOUVENIR

U. S. Plant Patent No. 25

Splendid clear yellow. The plant is a robust grower and free bloomer. (See front cover.) Strong plants, \$1 each.

TOKEN

U. S. Plant Patent No. 95

An unusual color, best described as sun-ripened apricot without shading. A distinct color which is pleasing at all times. Strong plants, \$1.50 each.



© 1932

Mary Hart



© 1933

Amelia Earhart



© 1932 Countess Vandal



Roses make your Garden the Talk of the Town

75 cts. each; \$7.50 per doz.; \$60 per 100

American Beauty. Flowers crimson-carmine, shaded Neyron rose; intensely fragrant.

Autumn. Bud medium size, burnt-orange; flower burnt-orange, streaked with red; borne singly.

Betty Uprichard. Extremely fragrant, salmon-pink flowers, reverse carmine with coppery sheen.

Briarcliff. Deep rose-pink at center, passing to lighter pink on outer petals; moderately fragrant.

Caledonia. See page 12.

Columbia. Extra-large flowers of glistening rose-pink. Vigorous grower.

Dame Edith Helen. Pure glowing pink; intensely fragrant. Hardy.

Dorothy Page-Roberts Flowers glistening coppery pink, suffused with yellow; slightly fragrant.

Duchess of Wellington. Pale buff-yellow with slight tinge of pink; free bloomer all season.

Edel. Sweetly fragrant white blooms with the faintest ivory shading toward base. Vigorous grower.

Edith Nellie Perkins. See page 12.

Etoile de Hollande. Bright red flowers borne singly on long, strong stems; very fragrant.

Frau Karl Druschki. Snow-white flowers, sometimes light pink blush at center; scentless.

Georg Arends. Large, delicate pink flowers, borne on long, strong stems.

Gruss an Teplitz. Dark velvety scarlet, edges of petals sometimes marked dark garnet; intensely fragrant.

Independence Day. Sunflower-gold, stained with flame-color, overlaying orange-apricot; very lasting.

Joanna Hill. Large deep yellow flowers, borne singly on long, strong stems.

Julien Potin. See page 12.

Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. Cream-white buds opening into snowy white flowers with slight lemon tint at center.

Lady Margaret Stewart. Deep buttermcup-yellow, flushed orange and red, fading to cadmium-orange; extremely fragrant.

Los Angeles. Coral-pink toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at base of petals; extremely fragrant.

Margaret McGredy. Large orange-scarlet blooms. Vigorous grower and continuous bloomer.

McGredy's Ivory. Delicate creamy white that merges into a yellow base. Profuse bloomer.

Mevrouw G. A. van Rossem. Flamed and shaded orange and apricot on a dark golden yellow ground. Abundant bloomer.

Miss Rowena Thom. Fiery rose and old-gold flowers; double. Very vigorous grower.

Mme. Butterfly. See page 12.

Mme. Edouard Herriot. See page 12.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. Indian-yellow, occasionally washed with salmon; moderately fragrant.

Mrs. Charles Bell. Shell-pink, with shadings of soft salmon.

Mrs. E. P. Thom. See page 12.

Mrs. Henry Morse. Flesh-cream ground, with a sheen of bright rose, clear vermillion veining on petals.

Mrs. Pierre S. du Pont. Deep golden yellow; moderately fragrant; very lasting.

Olympiad. Pure crimson, with a golden base to the petals which lights up the entire flower; slightly fragrant.

Ophelia. Salmon-flesh, center shaded light yellow at base of petals. Vigorous grower; abundant bloomer.

President Herbert Hoover. See page 12.

Radiance. See page 12.

Red Radiance. See page 12.

Rev. F. Page-Roberts. Yellow with red shadings; intensely fragrant.

Roselandia. Golden yellow flowers; fruity fragrance. Free bloomer.

Souv. de Claudius Pernet. Pure sunflower-yellow blooms borne singly on long, strong stems. Profuse bloomer all season.

Talisman. See page 12.

Ville de Paris. See page 12.

Ulrich Brunner. Geranium-red, passing to cochineal-carmine; intensely fragrant.

Climbing Roses

For training over an arehway or on a trellis, draping along a fence or old stone wall, or rambling at will on an embankment, Climbing Roses are well-nigh indispensable in modern Rose-gardens.

75 cts. each; \$7.50 per doz.; \$50 per 100,
except as noted

Alida Lovett. Bright shell-pink, shaded sulphur-yellow at base of petals.

American Pillar. Brilliant crimson-pink, with white center and yellow stamens.

Bess Lovett. Light crimson-red; long-stemmed clusters suitable for cutting.

Blaze. Plant Patent No. 10. Intense scarlet; does not fade in hot sun. Plant vigorous. \$1.50 each.

Christine Wright. Exquisite wild-rose-pink flowers in enormous, long-stemmed sprays.

Climbing American Beauty. Brilliant carmine flower, finely formed and sweetly fragrant.

Dorothy Perkins. Brilliant shell-pink.

Dr. W. Van Fleet. Pale pink buds and flowers.

Doubloons. New. Plant Patent applied for. Saffron-yellow buds open into golden yellow, double flowers in large clusters, borne freely in June and intermittently to September. \$2 each.

Emily Gray. Deep golden buff; semi-double.

Evangeline. Dainty rosy white petals, tipped pink; single.

Excelsa. Scarlet-erimson. Profuse bloomer.

Gardenia. Creamy flowers with rich yellow centers, borne in small sprays.

GOLDEN CLIMBER (Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James). Plant Patent No. 28. A multitude of golden yellow buds open into semi-double flowers, with a center of golden stamens. Vigorous; free blooming. \$2 each.

Jacotte. Orange-yellow, tinted copper-red; semi-double. \$1 each.

Lady Gay. Shell-pink, somewhat similar to Dorothy Perkins.

Mme. Gregoire Staechelin. Delicate pink, frilled petals, stained crimson outside.

NEW DAWN. Plant Patent No. 1. Blush-pink. Vigorous and free flowering. \$1.50 each.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. Bright scarlet.

Mary Wallace. Semi-double, bright rose-colored flowers, 4 inches or more across, produced freely in June and July, with a season of bloom in the fall.

Primrose. Soft, rich primrose-yellow.

Silver Moon. Long, creamy buds open into sprays of gigantic flowers.

White Dorothy. Creamy white; double.

Polyantha Roses

75 cts. each; \$7.50 per doz.; \$60 per 100

Cecile Brunner. Light pink, yellow base.

Ellen Poulsen. Bright rose-pink.

POLYANTHA ROSES, continued

Gloria Mundi. Glowing orange-scarlet.

Gruss an Aachen. Light flesh-pink and salmon-yellow.

Ideal. Dark scarlet, shaded with black.

Mrs. W. H. Cutbush. Bright rosy pink.

Orleans Rose. Rosy crimson, white center.

Miscellaneous Roses

75 cts. each; \$7.50 per doz.

Crested Moss. Deep pink. Mossy crest.

White Crested Moss. Pure white.

Harison's Yellow. Medium-sized flowers.

Persian Yellow. Small, semi-double blooms, borne along the cane. Vigorous grower.

Hugonis. Vigorous. Light yellow flowers.

Rugosa Roses

75 cts. each; \$7.50 per doz.

Agnes. Pale amber-gold; fragrant.

Conrad F. Meyer. Very large; silvery pink.

Dr. E. M. Mills. Primrose. shaded pink.

F. J. Grootendorst. Small, fringed, bright red flowers, in large clusters. Free bloomer.

Pink Grootendorst. Clusters of small, fringed, light shell-pink flowers.

Blanc Double de Coubert. Pure white.



Dr. W. Van Fleet Roses

Shrubs to Grow and Cherish



Kolkwitzia

Here are some of the most popular flowering shrubs for Cape Cod gardens—and all New England, too. They have stood the test of time and weather, and your confidence will not be misplaced when you plant them in your garden.

Buddleia · Butterfly Bush

B. *magnifica*. Flowers are lilac or deep purple, open in midsummer; and blooming continues until late autumn. 2-yr. plants, 50 ets. each.
B., Ile de France. See page 2.

Cotoneaster

Cotoneasters are almost evergreen, retaining the greater part of the foliage in winter. The charm of the plant lies in the long, graceful branches and the rich green foliage. C. *divaricata*. Desirable for rock-gardens because of the trailing habit. 2 to 2½-ft. plants, B&B, \$1 each. C. *horizontalis*. Rock Cotoneaster. Trailing habit, with green foliage turning to crimson in autumn. Plants from 6-in. pots, \$1.25 each.

Euonymus

E. *alatus*. Winged Euonymus. Cork-like projections appear on the branches, hence the name. The foliage turns pink or rose-color in late autumn. 3 to 4-ft. heavy plants, \$1 each; 5 to 5½-ft. heavy plants, \$1.75 each.

Kolkwitzia · Beauty Bush

K. *amabilis*. Entirely hardy as far north as Maine. Long, arching sprays of pale pink flowers in June. A most desirable shrub. 3 to 3½-ft. plants, 75 ets. each.

Philadelphus · Mock-Orange

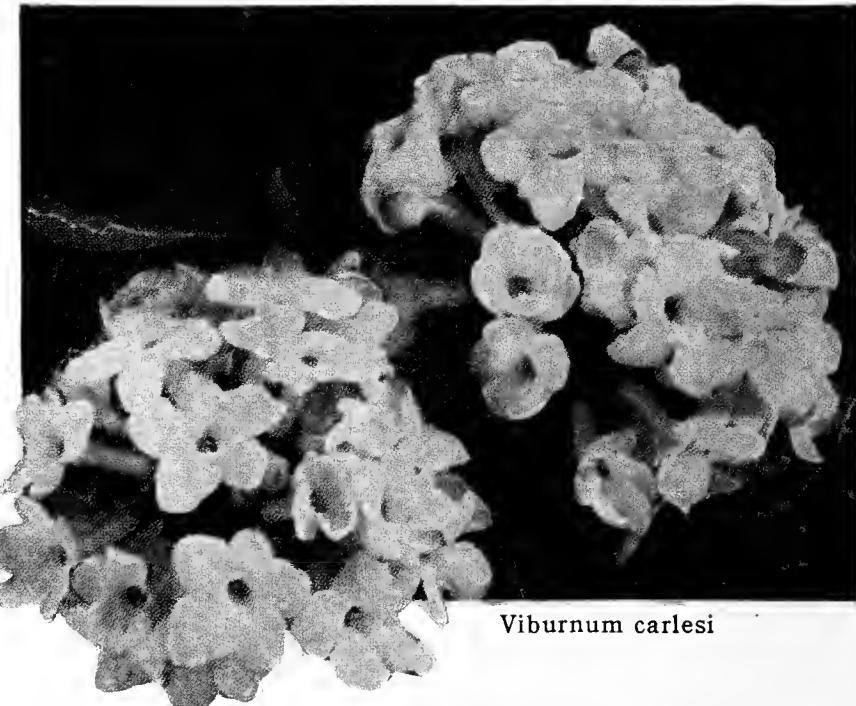
P., Virginal. Competent observers have pronounced this the finest white-flowering shrub. Flowers are full double and very fragrant. 2 to 3-ft. heavy plants, 60 ets. each; 3 to 4-ft. heavy plants, 75 ets. each.

Viburnum

V. *earlesi*. Rounded heads of white flowers faintly tinted pink; sweetly fragrant. The plant is bushy in habit and free blooming. 18-in. plants, B&B, \$1.25 each.

V. *dilatatum*. Japanese Bush Cranberry. Pure white flowers in May and June, followed by red fruits. 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$1 each.

V. *sieboldi*. Large panicles of pure white flowers. Leaves very thick and glossy green. 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$1 each.



Viburnum carlesii

Althea • Rose of Sharon

Altheas, or *Hibiscus syriacus*, are valued for their late blooming. The shrubs grow to 10 feet or more in height, but can be clipped to lower forms.

3 to 4-ft. plants, 75 cts. each

Cœlestis. Blue; single.

Duc de Brabant. Deep red; double.

Jeanne d'Arc. White; double.

Lady Stanley. Blush-white; double.

Rubis. Ruby-red; large, well-open flowers.

Snowstorm (*A. totus albus*). White; single.

Hybrid Lilacs

The old familiar Lilaes of New England do not by any means compare with the newer varieties, whose trusses are much larger and the colors far more beautiful. A collection of Lilaes grows in value each year.

3 to 4-ft. plants, \$1 each

Charles X. Violet-red; single. Midseason.

Hugo Koster. Deep red or purple; single.

Jan van Tol. White; petals frilled; single.

Katherine Havemeyer. Light lila, flushed with mauve; double.

Ludwig Spaeth. Dark purple; single.

Marie Legraye. Yellowish in bud, opening pure white; single.

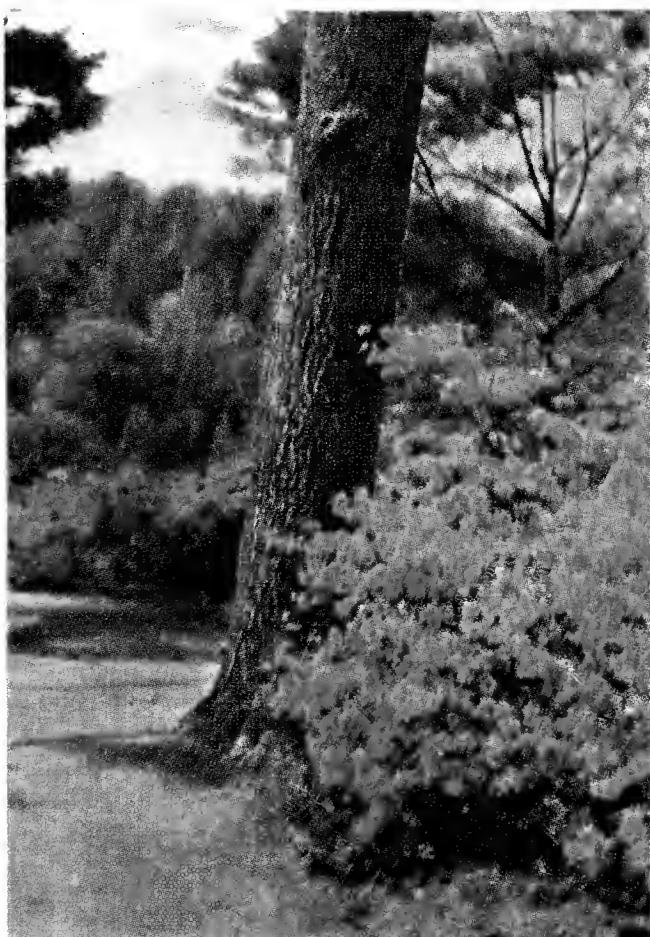
Michel Buchner. Pale lila; double.

Mme. Lemoine. Pure white; double.

Mrs. Edward Harding. Bud carmine, opening to purple, tinged pink; double.



Hybrid Lilacs



Azalea kaempferi

Azaleas

Azaleas can be grown successfully where rhododendrons and similar plants succeed. When in full bloom the Azaleas are among the most gorgeous flowering shrubs, and are especially beautiful in large groups in front of evergreens.

12 to 18 in., \$1 each; \$10 per doz.

- A. *arborescens*. Sweet Azalea. White, slightly tinged pink. June, July.
- A. *calendulacea*. Flame Azalea. A native variety with orange-red flowers.
- A. *kaempferi*. Fiery red flowers.
- A. *mollis*. Chinese Azalea. Various shades of apricot, salmon, yellow, and terra-cotta. Entirely hardy but thrives best in partial shade. April, May.
- A. *schlippenbachi*. Royal Azalea. Rose-pink, upper petals spotted brown. Deciduous.
- A. *vaseyi*. Southern Azalea. Rosy white flowers in April. Free flowering.
- A. *viscosa*. White, slightly tinged rose. June, July. Deciduous.

Native Shrubs for Natural Gardens



Clethra alnifolia

Aronia . Red Chokeberry

A. arbutifolia. Dark green leaves, with a woolly undersurface, change to bright colors in the fall. Flowers are white, followed by scarlet berries. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

Azalea

A. viscosa. Swamp Azalea. A deciduous species native to the eastern United States. The flowers are white with a tinge of light rose, and are carried in late June or July. Superb for mass-planting. 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$1.75 each.

Clethra . Summer Sweet

C. alnifolia. An upright shrub with smooth, sharply toothed leaves and spikes of fragrant white flowers. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

Cytisus . Scotch Broom

C. scoparius. Especially adapted to sandy soils and seashore. Carries many small yellow flowers in May. 2-yr. pot-grown plants, 60 cts. each.

Hamamelis . Witch Hazel

H. virginiana. Distinguished in summer by the rough, heart-shaped leaves, and in the late fall by the small bright yellow flowers. The latest shrub to bloom. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each; 4 to 5-ft. plants, 70 cts. each.

Ilex . Winterberry

I. verticillata. Grows from 6 to 8 feet high. Covered in May with clusters of snow-white flowers which are followed by scarlet berries that remain all winter. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 60 cts. each.

Myrica . Bayberry

M. carolinensis. A native shrub growing to about 8 feet high. During the summer the foliage is quite fragrant, and in winter the shrub is prominent because of the grayish white fruit. Useful for planting in poor soil. 15 to 18-in. plants, 50 cts. each; 18 to 24-in. plants, 60 cts. each.

Prunus . Plum

P. maritima. Beach Plum. Grows rapidly on poor, sandy soil. Makes a good hedge and under-cover plant, and will hold drifting sand. Snow-white flowers are produced in early spring. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 60 cts. each.

Rosa . Rose

R. lucida. A shrubby, spreading species of the Rose, with scores of single pink flowers. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

R. setigera. Prairie Rose. Flowers are old rose color, single and very large. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

Vaccinium . Blueberry

V. corymbosum. Sometimes known as the Swamp Huckleberry. A hardy shrub with white or pinkish flowers, followed by blue-black berries. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$1 each.

Viburnum

V. opulus americanum. Cranberry Bush. 12 feet high. Clusters of white flowers in early spring. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 60 cts. each.

V. cassinoides. Withe-rod. 8 to 10 feet high. White or yellowish white flowers, followed by blue fruits. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 60 cts. each.

V. dentatum. Arrow-wood. Grows to 15 feet. White flowers in May and June. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 60 cts. each.

V. lantana. Wayfaring Tree. 15 to 20 feet. White flowers in May and June and dark purple fruits in late fall. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

V. lentago. Sheepberry. Flowers white, followed by black berries which remain until spring. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.



Beach Plums thrive near the sea

General List of Flowering Shrubs

CALYCANTHUS floridus. Sweet Shrub. Foliage large and rough. Sweetly scented, chocolate-colored flowers in May and June. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

CYDONIA japonica. Japanese Quince. Brilliant scarlet flowers in early spring. The plant makes an excellent hedge. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

DEUTZIA lemoinei. In spring the arching branches carry large clusters of white flowers. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

D. scabra plena. Rapid-growing shrub with pinkish white double flowers. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

D. scabra, Pride of Rochester. Probably the leading variety. White flowers tinged pink; double. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

FORSYTHIA intermedia. Slender, arching branches, with golden yellow flowers in early spring. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

F. intermedia spectabilis. Large, brilliant yellow flowers. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

F. suspensa fortunei. Yellow flowers in April and May. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

HYPERICUM aureum. An upright shrub 3 to 4 feet high. Bright yellow flowers. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

LONICERA fragrantissima. Winter Honeysuckle. Grows 6 to 8 feet high. Flowers white or slightly tinted pink. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

L. morrowi. White and pink flowers in May and June. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

L. ruprechtiana. Plants grow 10 to 12 feet high. White flowers which are followed by red fruits. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

L. tatarica. Entirely hardy in New England. Flowers pink, crimson, or white, followed by red fruits. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

PHILADELPHUS coronarius. Mock-Orange. Grows from 8 to 10 feet high. Pure white, fragrant flowers in May and June. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

P. lemoinei, Avalanche. Large, pure white flowers on long, slender branches. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

RHODOTYPOS kerrioides. Drooping branches are covered with white flowers in early spring. Black fruits remain nearly all winter. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

ROSA multiflora japonica. Small white flowers are borne in large trusses on arching canes. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

R. rugosa. Fragrant single flowers in colors varying from pink to rosy crimson and magenta. Blooms all summer. Strong 2-yr. plants, 50 cts. each.

R. rugosa alba. White flowers with yellow stamens. Strong 2-yr. plants, 50 cts. each.

R. wichuraiana. A spreading or trailing plant with shining foliage and white flowers in clusters. Strong 2-yr. plants, 50 cts. each.

SPIRÆA bumalda, Anthony Waterer. Seldom over 2 feet high. Crimson flowers from June to October. Excellent for hedge or low border. 15 to 18-in. plants, 50 cts. each.

S. japonica ovalifolia. White flowers and small oval foliage. 15 to 18-in. plants, 50 cts. each.

S. trichocarpa. A handsome shrub from 6 to 8 feet high, with bluish green foliage. Flowers pure white. 3 to 3½-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

S. vanhouttei. Long sprays of white flowers in spring. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

SYMPHORICARPOS racemosus. Snowberry. In early spring it has many small pink flowers which are followed by waxy white berries. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

SYRINGA josikæa. Hungarian Lilac. Violet flowers in late spring. A handsome shrub. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

S. vulgaris. The familiar single purple Lilac. Makes a desirable screen. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

S. vulgaris alba. Pure white flowers. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

VIBURNUM opulus sterile. Snowball. Large, ball-shaped heads of white flowers. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

V. tomentosum. White flowers in flat clusters. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

V. tomentosum plicatum. Japanese Snowball. Large flowers are carried in immense clusters. 2 to 3-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

WEIGELA candida. Snow Weigela. An extra-fine white variety. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

W. floribunda. A Japanese shrub which grows to about 8 feet in height. Bright crimson flowers in May and June. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

W. rosea. Rose-colored flowers. 3 to 4-ft. plants, 50 cts. each.

Shrubs for Hedges

Berberis thunbergi. Thunberg's Barberry.

	Doz.	100
1 to 1½-ft. plants	\$2 00	\$12 00
1½ to 2-ft. plants	3 00	18 00

Ligustrum ovalifolium. California Privet.

	Doz.	100
1½ to 2-ft. plants	\$1 50	\$7 00
2 to 3-ft. plants	2 00	10 00
3 to 4-ft. plants	2 50	12 00

Special specimen grade: Each
3 to 4-ft. plants \$0 50

5 to 6-ft. plants 1 00

L. amurense. Amur Privet. 3 to 4-ft. plants, \$2.50 per doz.; \$15 per 100.

L. ibota. Branches spreading. White flowers in June and July. 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$3 per doz.; \$18 per 100.

L. ibota regelianum. Low-growing, spreading, and dense. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$4 per doz.; \$25 per 100.

Ornamental Trees

Betula . Birch

B. alba. European White Birch. A picturesque tree when growing on the edge of a woodland or beside a small stream.

	Each	Doz.
5 to 6 ft.	\$1 50	\$15 00
6 to 8 ft.	2 00	20 00
8 to 12 ft.	3 00	30 00

B. papyrifera. Canoe Birch. A very tall tree, with white trunk and rather spreading head.

	Each	Doz.
5 to 6 ft.	\$1 50	\$15 00
6 to 8 ft.	2 00	20 00
8 to 10 ft.	3 00	30 00

Cornus . Dogwood

C. florida. White Dogwood. In early spring the hillside and woodlands are snowy white with Dogwood blooms. A picturesque native tree or small shrub that will thrive in almost any locality.

	Each	Doz.
4 to 5 ft.	\$2 00	\$20 00
5 to 6 ft.	3 00	30 00
6 to 8 ft.	4 50	45 00

C. florida rubra. Light pink or rose-colored flowers. Makes a most pleasing picture when planted with the white variety.

	Each	Doz.
4 to 5 ft.	\$4 00	\$40 00
5 to 6 ft.	5 00	50 00



Malus (Flowering Crab)

Crataegus

C. cordata. Washington Thorn. Prominent in autumn because of the bright scarlet fruits and the scarlet and orange foliage.

	Each	Doz.
6 to 8 ft.	\$2 50	\$25 00
8 to 10 ft.	4 00	40 00

C. oxyacantha. Hawthorn. Small white flowers are followed by brilliant scarlet fruits.

	Each	Doz.
6 to 8 ft.	\$2 50	\$25 00
8 to 10 ft.	4 00	40 00

C. oxyacantha splendens. Paul's Double Thorn. Flowers double, deep crimson, with a tinge of scarlet.

	Each	Doz.
3 to 4 ft.	\$1 50	\$15 00
4 to 5 ft.	2 50	25 00

Laburnum . Golden Chain

L. vulgare. Long racemes of yellow flowers in June and July.

	Each	Doz.
3 to 4 ft.	\$1 50	\$15 00
4 to 5 ft.	2 00	20 00

Malus . Flowering Crab

A superb collection of Flowering Crabs may be found at the Arnold Arboretum in Boston, and a visit to that point is distinctly worthwhile. The trees themselves are attractive, the flowers are beautiful, and the fruits provide winter food for the birds.

6 to 8-ft. trees, \$2 each;
\$20 per doz.

M. floribunda. Japanese Flowering Crab. Bright red buds open to light pink blooms.

M. floribunda atropurpurea. Purple.

M. ioensis plena. Light pink; double.

M. niedzwetzkyana. Redvein Crab. Deep pink or purple flowers followed by red fruits.

M. scheideckeri. A great multitude of light pink flowers, slightly darker on the outside of the petals, are carried in early spring.

M. sieboldi. Toringo Crab. Small white or bluish flowers.

M. spectabilis. Chinese Flowering Crab. Semi-double light pink flowers, quite fragrant.

We also carry a complete assortment in various sizes of Maples, Beeches, Tulip Trees, Oaks, Loeusts, Linden, Elms, Willows. We should like to show them to you and have you make your own selection. Or we shall gladly send you a special quotation on one or more of these trees.

Broad-leaved Evergreens

Abelia

A. grandiflora. Blooms from early summer to late autumn. 15 to 18-in. plants, B&B, \$1 each; \$10 per doz.

Evergreen Azaleas

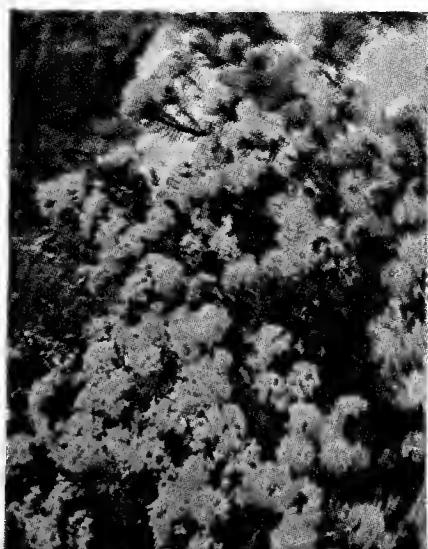
A. amœna. Rosy purple; May.	Each	
12 to 15 in., B&B.....	\$1 50	
15 to 18 in., B&B.....	2 50	
18 to 24 in., B&B.....	3 50	
A. hinodegiri. Bright scarlet flowers.		
10 to 12 in., B&B.....	1 00	
12 to 15 in., B&B.....	1 50	
15 to 18 in., B&B.....	2 50	
A. indica alba. White.		
15 to 18 in., B&B.....	1 50	
18 to 24 in., B&B.....	2 00	
A., Red Salmon.		
10 to 12 in., B&B.....	1 00	
12 to 15 in., B&B.....	1 50	

Berberis • Barberry

B. julianæ. A new Evergreen Barberry.		
1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$1.25 each.		
B. verruculosa. Warty Barberry. A compact bush.	12 to 15-in. plants, \$1 each.	

Buxus • Boxwood

B. sempervirens. Common Tree Box.		
Edging grades:	Doz.	100
4 to 6 in.....	\$3 00	\$20 00
6 to 8 in.....	4 00	27 50
8 to 10 in.....	5 00	35 00
Specimen grades:	Each	Doz.
12 to 15 in.....	\$2 00	\$20 00
15 to 18 in.....	3 00	30 00
18 to 24 in.....	5 00	50 00
Prices on larger specimens quoted on application.		
B. suffruticosa. Dwarf Boxwood. Especially adapted for edgings.	Doz.	100
4 to 6 in.....	\$4 00	\$25 00
6 to 8 in.....	5 00	30 00
A fine assortment of specimen plants is carried in stock; prices and specifications gladly sent on request.		



Daphne cneorum



Flowers of Abelia

Daphne

D. cneorum. Garland Flowers. From May to August it is a mass of bright pink flowers. 9 to 12-in. plants, \$1 each; \$10 per doz.

Ilex • Inkberry

I. glabra. An upright shrub with dark shining foliage; black fruits in autumn. 2-ft. clumps, \$2 each; \$20 per doz.

Kalmia • Mountain Laurel

K. latifolia. Calico Bush. Rose-colored flowers in June. Specimen grade collected plants, 1½ to 2 ft., \$2 each; \$20 per doz. 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$2.50 each; \$25 per doz. Special prices on truckloads of assorted sizes.

Mahonia

M. aquifolium. Holly-leaved Mahonia. Small yellow flowers in May. 15 to 18-in. plants, \$1 each; \$10 per doz.

Pieris

P. floribunda. Mountain Andromeda. A small evergreen shrub with white flowers. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$2.50 each; \$25 per doz.

P. japonica. Reddish foliage in fall and winter. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$2.50 each; \$25 per doz.

Rhododendrons

Rhododendrons are at home in all parts of New England and are at their best when grown in large groups.

R. carolinianum. Carolina Rhododendron. Rose-pink. May and June. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$2.50 ea.; \$25 per doz.

R. catawbiense. Catawba Rhododendron. Shades of light pink. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$2.50 each; \$25 per doz.

R. maximum. Great Laurel. One of our best native shrubs for large masses and for naturalizing in woodlands. Large clusters of pure white flowers gradually shade to delicate pink.

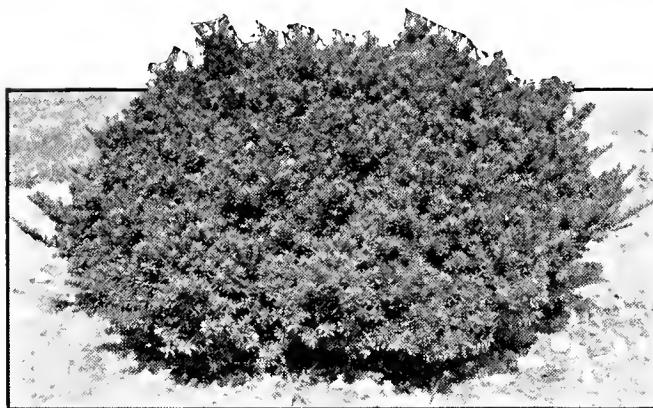
	Each	Doz.
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$1 75	\$17 50
2 to 3 ft.....	2 25	22 50
3 to 4 ft.....	3 00	30 00

R. Hybrids. Seedlings in mixed colors.

	Each	Doz.
15 to 18 in.....	\$2 00	\$20 00
18 to 24 in.....	3 00	30 00

NOTE.—We shall gladly quote special prices in carload and truck lots of assorted sizes in Rhododendrons.

Evergreens for Color Contrasts



Taxus cuspidata

Chamaecyparis • Cypress

In this family of evergreens we can supply the most important varieties and those particularly adapted to landscape use on the Cape and in eastern Massachusetts. These include Hinoki Cypress, the Plume and Golden Plume varieties, as well as specimens of Moss and Gold Thread. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$1.50 each; 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$2 each; 3 to 4-ft. plants, \$3 each.

Juniperus • Juniper

J. chinensis pfitzeriana. A broadly spreading variety with silvery green foliage. It is extremely useful in foundation work and adds a distinctive tone to a landscape plan. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$2 each; 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$3.50 each; 3 to 4-ft. plants, \$5 each.

J. communis depressa. Seldom over 1½ feet high with broadly spreading branches. Hardy and desirable in rock-gardens and similar places. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$1.50 each; 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$2.50 each.

J. excelsa stricta. Spiny Greek Juniper. Grows in a pyramidal form and may attain a height of 50 feet or more. A native of southern Europe. 15 to 18-in. plants, \$1.50 each; 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$2.25 each.

J. squamata meyeri. Meyer's Juniper. Desirable for single specimens and for use against a dark green background. In certain lights the foliage appears green, in others it has a bluish tinge, and at other times of the day has a reddish cast. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$2.50 each.

J. virginiana. Red Cedar. Native to the entire eastern United States. An upright and stately tree which will add character to the landscape. 2 to 4-ft. plants, \$3.50 each. For larger specimens, prices will be quoted.

Picea • Spruce

P. canadensis (glauca). White Spruce. A very pleasing evergreen of pyramidal habit and with light green foliage, sometimes with a bluish cast. 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$2 each; 3 to 4-ft. plants, \$2.50 each; 4 to 5-ft. plants, \$3.25 each.

Picea excelsa. Norway Spruce. A rapid-growing evergreen which is attractive as a lawn specimen and useful for windbreaks. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$1 each; 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$1.50 each; 3 to 4-ft. plants, \$2 each.

P. pungens. Blue Spruce. Foliage steel-blue, appearing to best advantage when in contrast with other evergreens. It grows well in nearly all sections of New England. 15 to 18-in. plants, \$1 each; 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$1.50 each; 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$2.50 each; 3 to 4-ft. plants, \$3.50 each.

Pinus • Pine

P. montana mugus. Mugho Pine. A low-growing spreading evergreen. The old foliage is dark green while the new growth is much lighter, giving the tree the appearance of carrying white candles on the tips of the branches. 15 to 18-in. plants, \$1.50 each; 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$2 each.

In our fields we have large quantities of Pines, including the Austrian, the Red, Japanese Red and Japanese Black, White and Scotch varieties. These are in various sizes and on all of them we can quote most attractive prices.

Taxus • Yew

T. cuspidata. The Spreading Japanese Yew. An evergreen that is unsurpassed for massing, for specimens, or for use as a hedge-plant. Upright in growth with dark green foliage. 15 to 18-in. plants, \$2 each; 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$3 each.

T. cuspidata capitata. Upright Japanese Yew. A very hardy variety with dark green foliage. Grows well in full sun or in shade. 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$1.50 each.

T. cuspidata nana. Dwarf Japanese Yew. One of the smallest of the family and well adapted to planting in rock-gardens. 15 to 18-in. plants, \$2.50 each; 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$4 each.

Thuja • Arborvitae

These evergreens are desirable as specimens on the lawn, for planting in groups, and for hedges. In addition to the varieties here named we have the popular Globe type, the Golden-foliaged form and specimens of the Tom Thumb Arborvitæ. On all of these we shall be happy to quote special prices.

T. occidentalis pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitæ. Excellent for formal plantings because of the upright habit. 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$1.20 each; 3 to 4-ft. plants, \$1.80 each.

T. occidentalis globosa. Globe Arborvitæ. A low-growing, rounded form used at foundations and at curves in walks and drives. 15 to 18-in. plants, \$1.20 each; 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$1.80 each; 2 to 3-ft. plants, \$3 each.

T. occidentalis wareana. Siberian Arborvitæ. A pyramidal form seldom growing more than 35 feet high. 15 to 18-in. plants, \$1.20 each; 1½ to 2-ft. plants, \$1.80 each.

AN IMPORTANT MESSAGE

To All Home-Owners in Southeastern Massachusetts

*You Are Here Offered a Complete and Thoroughly Reliable
Landscape Gardening and Horticultural Service*

FORTY-EIGHT years of actual practical experience in all types of quality landscape work, plus the added service of our professionally trained landscape architects, combine effectively, we believe, to make the Lawrence Landscape Service the leading one of its kind in this part of the state.

In plantings for every purpose, in lawn-making, grading, the building of driveways, tennis-courts, terraces, and pools, in designing and making flower-gardens, rock-gardens, and rose-gardens, and in all general landscape construction and maintenance, we have first-quality materials, competent labor, and the ability to produce satisfactory finished results.

For those with summer homes, especially, we have purposely specialized in plantings for maximum effectiveness in midsummer, and in meeting the difficult problems of seashore exposure, where special skill and experience are required.

While it is our privilege to do a great deal of the landscape development on larger estates throughout this section, we do the greater amount of our work on the modest grounds of the average home-owner. We like small home-grounds, where the need is to get maximum attractiveness, usefulness, and character within limited space and expenditure.

Whether your property is small and simple, or larger and more pretentious, your work should be done properly, economically, and in good taste. Lawrence's Landscape Service is your logical choice. Hundreds of well-pleased customers are our best references. We shall be glad to help you.

OTHER BRANCHES OF OUR BUSINESS :

Flower Shop and Greenhouses

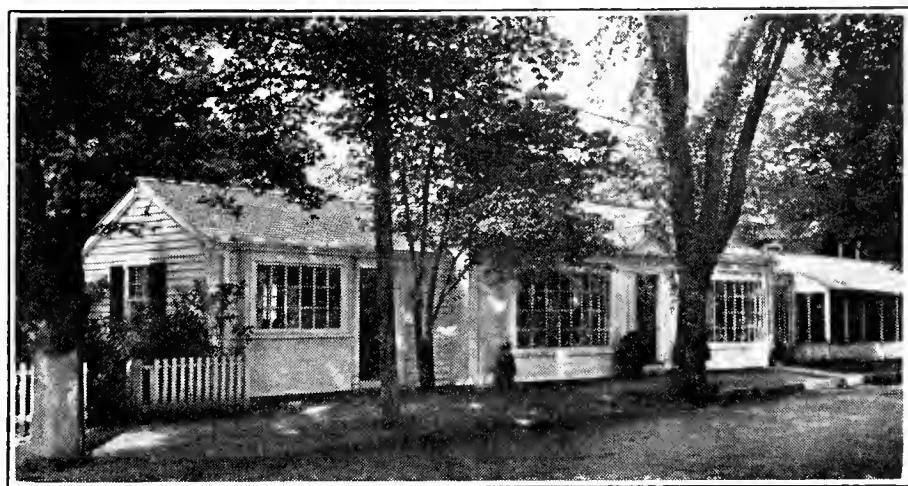
Cut-flowers and Plants.
Wedding Flowers and Decorations.
Annual and Bedding Plants for Gardens
and Window-Boxes.

Garden Supply Shop

Flower Seeds and Bulbs.
Vegetable and Grass Seeds.
Fertilizers and Plant-Foods.
Insecticides, Tools, Hose.
All Gardening Requisites.

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FALMOUTH, MASSACHUSETTS**

Our Salesrooms and Greenhouses are located on Depot Avenue, just outside the business center of Falmouth. Our main nurseries are on Lakeview Avenue, nearby, and equally convenient. We invite you to call and inspect the quality and extensive variety of the plants, shrubs, and trees available.





1. Apollo. Orange.
2. Diana. Rose-pink.
3. Ceres. Buff-yellow.
4. Mars. Crimson.
5. Mercury. Scarlet.
6. Daphne. Golden rose.

**KOREAN HYBRID
CHRYSANTHEMUMS**
SIX SUPERB NEW VARIETIES

Pot-grown Plants
50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

SPECIAL OFFER
One plant of each variety
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Three plants of each variety
for \$7.50

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